

Marco Kaltofen Civil and Environmental Engineering

Hypothesis: Residents of northern Japan are currently exposed to dusts containing radioactive isotopes released by the Fukashima Daiichi nuclear accidents.

Materials and methods: Automobile air filters, household air cleaner filters, and children's shoes were collected and analyzed by autoradiography on X-ray sensitive film, germanium-lithium gamma spectrometry, and scanning electron microscopy / energy dispersive X-ray analysis. The Japanese samples came from as far north as Sapporo in Hokkaido Prefecture and as far south as Tokyo, a range of 780 km. Fifty nine samples of dust from Japan were analyzed. A larger set of US and Canada samples was analyzed in the same fashion. Sample collection was crowd sourced, using volunteers belonging to the Tokyo-based organization, SAFECAST. Volunteers received training in sampling and shipping procedures.

Results: Radioisotopes specific to the Fukashima Daiichi accidents, including Cs134, Cs137, and Co60 were detected in dust samples taken throughout Northern Japan, including areas more than 200 km outside of the accident exclusion zone. Cs134 was detected at all of the Japanese sites tested. Cs134 has a 2 year half life, and is diagnostic for recent releases from nuclear reactors. Of the more than 100 USA and Canada dust and soil samples examined, Cs134 was found in only 3 soil samples. Japanese samples analyzed in the first month after the accident also contained I131 and Am241. The I131 decayed away in the course of the study. From April 2011 to December 2011, the total activity in samples of Japanese airborne dusts has decreased by an order of magnitude.

X-ray film autoradiographs of car air filters



Seattle, WA, n = 17Mean uR/hr = 12.1SD = 0.9Blank = 11.2 uR/hr. 6000 km from F. Daiichi

Tokyo, Japan, n = 1Mean uR/hr = 15.3SD = 6.5Blank = 11.2 uR/hr. 200 km from F. Dai

Measuring radioactive dust in northern Japan Fukashima Daiichi isotopes in home and auto air filters and in children's shoes



Conclusion: Radioactive dust has become a ubiquitous part of life in northern Japan, but has only an isolated and limited impact on radioactivity in US and Canadian soils and dusts.

2	Fukashima City, Japan, $n = 5$
1	Mean uR/hr. = 127
	SD = 208
•	Blank = 11.2 uR/hr.
iichi	65 km from F. Daiichi



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